**St Mary’s Primary School – How do we teach Science?**

**Intent:**

Science provides the foundation for understanding the world around us. Engaging children’s natural curiosity, imagination and excitement; science enables children to explore, learn and make sense of the world they live in. Our creative science curriculum will enable children to gain positive attitudes towards scientific knowledge and investigative processes; to understand both the uses and implications of science today, and in the future.

The aims of teaching science in our school are to:

* Equip children to use themselves as starting points for learning about science, and to build on their enthusiasm and natural sense of wonder about the world
* Develop through practical work the skills of observation, prediction, investigation, interpretation, communication, questioning and hypothesizing, and increased use of precise measurement skills and ICT
* Encourage and enable pupils to offer their own suggestions, and to be creative in their approach to science, devising their own invitations and taking lines of enquiry in a way that interests them
* Gain enjoyment from their scientific work
* Enable children to develop their skills of co-operation through working with others, and to encourage where possible, ways for children to explore science in forms which are relevant and meaningful to them
* Teach scientific enquiry through contexts taken from the National Curriculum for science
* Encourage children to collect relevant evidence and to question outcome and to build resilience to persevere as it is likely they will need to repeat results or will encounter unexpected results that do not support their hypothesis
* Encourage children to treat the living and non-living environment with respect and sensitivity
* Stress the need for personal and group safety by the correct usage and storage of resources
* To critically question the world around them
* To enable children to appreciate that we do not always know the answers when carrying out scientific enquiry as the world around them is continually changing and developing
* Equip children with the language to be able to discuss their learning and confidently explain their scientific understanding in small groups

**Special Educational Needs Disability (SEND) / Pupil Premium / Higher Attainers**

Any children with identified SEND or in receipt of pupil premium funding may have work additional to and different from their peers in order to access the curriculum dependent upon their needs. As well as this, our school offers a demanding and varied curriculum, providing children with a range of opportunities in order for them to reach their full potential and consistently achieve highly from their starting points.

**Implementation:**

The Science subject leader is responsible for the curriculum design, delivery and impact in this subject. This includes regularly meeting with Governors to review and quality assure the subject areas to ensure that it is being implemented well and coverage and breadth and balance is adequate. To ensure high standards of teaching and learning in science, we implement a curriculum that is progressive throughout the whole school. Science is taught in discrete lessons in Key Stage One and Key Stage Two. We ensure that teachers have the same expectations during Science lessons that they would have when teaching English or Mathematics and that any mathematical task (such as measuring or drawing graphs) is pitched at an age-appropriate level to ensure sufficient challenge. It is vital that any mathematical or English barriers should not impede a child’s scientific learning, thus meaning dialogic learning is a central part to our science teaching.

The science curriculum at St Mary’s Primary School is based upon the 2014 Primary National Curriculum in England, which provides a broad framework and outlines the knowledge and skills taught in each Key Stage. Teachers plan lessons for their class using our progression of knowledge and skills document, which incorporates Working Scientifically. When teaching science, teachers should follow the children’s interests to ensure their learning is engaging, broad and balanced. Before planning a unit of work, teachers should assess children’s prior knowledge and understanding to ensure work is pitched at the correct level. A variety of teaching approaches are used based on the teacher’s judgement. Teaching key subject specific vocabulary is also a key part out science curriculum. The vocabulary children will need for that unit are identified on the school’s progression document and this builds upon the vocabulary they have learnt in earlier years.

Science assessment is based on teacher’s assessment of children. This is then reported on the school’s assessment document and the percentage of children working at, above and below the expected standard are identified. At the end of Key Stage 1 and Key Stage 2 the results are submitted. At the end of a unit, teachers will identify if a child is working at the expected standard for that objective. This is then passed on to the next class teacher as a record of the child’s progress throughout the year. During staff meetings, science work is moderated against the exemplification document published.

Science provides excellent opportunities to enhance the learning of more able pupils through planning lines of enquiry, asking opened ended problems, analysing results and drawing conclusions based on scientific findings.

At St Mary’s Primary School, we provide a variety of opportunities for science learning inside and outside the classroom. Learning outside of the classroom is an essential part to learning science. It is essential children observe and immerse themselves in their local environment to apply their learning practically to real-life situations.

CPD will be offered to staff where needed, this may be a course to attend, an online CPD programme to take part in or the subject leader delivering training to the rest of the staff.

**Impact:**

Within science, we strive to create a supportive and collaborative ethos for learning by providing opportunities for children to question and investigate to discover answers for themselves and take their learning in a direction they are interested in.

Our science curriculum is high quality, well thought out and is planned to demonstrate progression. We focus on progression of knowledge and skills and discreet vocabulary progression also form part of the units of work.

We measure the impact of our curriculum through the following methods:

* Assessing children’s understanding of topic linked vocabulary before and after the unit is taught
* Marking of written work in books
* Using dialogic learning tasks to assess children’s understanding
* Summative assessment of pupil discussions about their learning.
* Images and videos of the children’s practical learning.
* Interviewing the pupils about their learning (pupil voice)
* Moderation staff meetings where pupil’s books are scrutinised and there is the opportunity for a dialogue between teachers to understand their class’s work
* Formal reporting of standards at the end of each Key Stage
* Annual reporting of standards across the curriculum to parents

The science subject leader will continually monitor the impact teachers are having on the children’s learning through book scrutinies to ensure the progress of knowledge and skills is being taught. They will also ensure the knowledge taught is retained by the children and continually revisited and that the learners are able to apply the skills they have been taught to a variety of different settings, showing independence with their learning.

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